Phase 3: Prototype

Problem Definition: Creating a more user friendly hands-free door opener

Presentation created by Team Nugget

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Phase Progression Overview

Phase 1

Problem Statement:

- 12.7% of people in the U.S have some disability,
- Door handles are proven to be germ hotspots,
- Operating a door while carrying something in both hands is unwieldy and potentially dangerous

Potential Customer:

- Hospitals,
- warehouses,
- universities,
- handicapped people

Problem Definition: Creating a more user friendly hands-free door opener.



Phase 2

Concept Generation:

- Came up with many ideas
- Had to find which one suited requirements/ specifications
- Learned what was important/not important
- Takeaway that not everything can be met

Bill of Material:

- Finalized product list
- First look at overall cost
- Over what we though cost would be
- Can visualize how every part will come together to form final product

Financial Analysis:

- Found out we were profitable
- May need to lower cost a little
- Break even pretty quickly into the process
- Units needed to sell

Item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Units	Qty	Material / Description	Source	Catalog No.	Unit Cost (\$)	Unit Processing Cost (S)	Assembly Cost	Line Total Cost	List Price (S
0100	0101	Pressure plate	m*m	1	Aluminum Alloy / Where people will step on	Custom	N/A	0.82	0	0.1	0.92	3.21
Pressure plate	0102	Spring	N/m, pcs	2	stainless spring steels / reset the pressure plate and close the door	The Spring Sto	PC060-296-350	0.46	0	0.1	1.02	1.84
triggering and	0103	Fluid Bag	in^2	1	Rubber / Shoots the fluid out due to the force of the pressure plate	Custom	N/A	7.26	1.5	0.1	8.86	29.02
force	0104	Long tube	ft	1	Rubber / transfer fluid to top	Lowe's	Item #814315	1.89	0	0.1	1.99	7.55
transformation	0105	Hydraulic Fluid	Liters	4.68	mineral-based fluids / transfer the force	Grainger	DTE 24	2.81	0	0.1	13.24	11.23
0200	0201	Main casing	m*m*m	1	stainless steels / hold the components	Custom	N/A	1.68	5	0.1	6.78	6.71
Door	0202	Main casing screws	pcs	4	stainless steels / connect to the door	Grainger	G2584	0.01	0	0.1	0.13	0.03
openinging	0203	Piston pack - arm	pcs	1	stainless steels / push the gear rack	Custom	N/A	0.15	3	0.1	3.25	0.60
	0204	Piston pack - cylinder	pcs	1	stainless steels / hold the arm and the fluid	Custom	N/A	0.79	3	0.1	3.89	3.17
	0205	Piston pack - seal ring	mm	1	Rubber / seal the fluid	Shadow Trailer	#DBC-225-SE	1.00	0	0.1	1.10	3.99
	0206	Piston pack - screws	pcs	3	stainless steels / secure the cylinder to casing and gear rack	Grainger	G2584	0.01	0	0.1	0.12	0.03
	0207	Piston pack - nut	pcs	3	stainless steels / secure the screws	Grainger	447335	0.80	0	0.1	2.51	3.22
	0208	Gear rack	mm	1	stainless steels / transfer linear motion	McMaster-Carr	2485N242	5.39	0	0.1	5.49	21.54
	0209	Large gear	pcs	1	stainless steels / transfer linear motion to rotational motion	McMaster-Carr	5172T16	10.73	0	0.1	10.83	42.92
	0210	Main shaft	mm	1	stainless steels / transfer the force from gear to arms	Custom	N/A	0.11	2	0.1	2.21	0.45
	0211	Rotational Pushing Arm	pcs	2	stainless steels / rotate and push the door open	Custom	N/A	0.14	2	0.1	2.39	0.57
	0212	Connecting pin	mm	2	stainless steels / connect the arms together and to the door frame mount of	Custom	N/A	0.01	2	0.1	2.12	0.03
	0213	Door frame mount case	pcs	1	stainless steels / allows the arm connect to the door and rotate	Custom	N/A	0.71	5	0.1	5.81	2.82
	0214	Door frame mount Screy	pcs	4	stainless steels / secure the case	Grainger	G2584	0.01	0	0.1	0.13	0.03
0300	0301	Small gear	pcs	1	stainless steels / drive the slowing device	McMaster-Carr	5172T12	6.72	0	0.1	6.82	26.88
Door Closing	0302	Fluid tank	pcs	1	stainless steels / hold the liquid	Custom	N/A	5.12	5	0.1	10.22	20.48
	0303	Shaft	mm, pcs	1	stainless steels / drive the drag fin bars	Custom	N/A	0.11	2	0.1	2.21	0.45
	0304	Drag fins	pcs	4	stainless steels / create drag in fluid	Custom	N/A	0.04	2	0.1	2.27	0.17
	0305	Fin bars	pcs	4	stainless steels / hold the fins together and prevent opening to large	Custom	N/A	0.95	4	0.1	7.88	3.78
	0306	Long screws	pcs	2	stainless steels / adjust the height of the tank	Grainger	6JA46	0.07	0	0.1	0.23	0.26
	0307	Nut	pcs	2	stainless steels / hold the screws	Grainger	22UK82	0.00	0	0.1	0.11	0.02
	0308	Spring	N/m, pcs	2	stainless spring steels / secure the tank on the long screws	The Spring Sto	PC060-296-350	0.30	0	0.1	0,70	1.20
	0309	Drag Fluid	Liters	4.68	mineral-based fluids / source of drag	Grainger	DTE 24	2.85	0	0.1	13.45	11.41
0400	0401	Final Assembly		1	Final assembly of all parts					5.00	5.00	
Assmeblies	0402	Pressure plate assy		1	Assembly of the step plate					3.00	3.00	
	0403	Door opening assy		1	Assembly of door opening mechanism	-	-		-	3.50	3.50	
	0404	Door closing assy		1	Assembly of dor closing mechanism					3.50	3.50	

Phase 3

CAD:

- First look at final design
- Learned product was not perfect
- Takeaway was step needed to compress down

Engineering Modeling:

- Found forces needed and gear radius needed
- Learned may need to make force required less

Prototype:

- Springs need less stiffness
- Fluid Bag





Design Presentation

Problem Definition

Specified our product idea:

"Product" -> "Foot Operated Hydraulic Unit"

- "Hands-free" limits to operation with either torso, head, legs or feet and having our product be foot operated was most convenient for consumers
- Having the product incorporate hydraulics means that it functions similar to current door closers and remains purely mechanical.



Design Description

- Can't use hands, then use feet
- Need a trigger designed for feet, so we have a pressure plate
- Need **something** to open the door **at the top** so it doesn't block the way
- So we need a way to transform the force. We chose hydraulic system
- Force transformation is **linear**, but opening the door is **rotational**, so we have **"Bob"**
- We also need a way to **slow down** the door only when it's closing, so we have **OWD**



3D Models





Prototype

Pressure Plate



"Bob" - Force Transformation



OWD - One-Way Drag



Engineering Analysis Overview

Pressure Plate

- This model was designed with the primary intent of testing the effects of varying applied forces and spring constants on the output pressure shift of the hydraulic fluid.
- The purpose of this component of the product is to translate a downward force due to a users weight into pressure within the hydraulic system, with the springs acting to reduce this pressure potential
- Through model analysis calculations, we were able to establish and visualize the **linear relationships** between **output pressure**, **applied force**, and **spring constants**





"Bob" - Force Transformation

Purpose: develop model of arm closing/opening device and analyze force/velocity

- In the model, it shows how the max velocity is at the beginning and end of the door opening process, which will affect how a person can go through the door.
- The middle is the slowest part of the door opening process, which allows the user to hurry through the door before it closes again.
- find a way to lower this in order to allow for easier access for children or any smaller adults



"Bob" - Force Transformation cont.

Purpose: develop a model of the **hydraulic cylinder and the torque generated** depending on fluid pressure and gear radius

- The device is meant to intake fluid at a pressure and output torque.
- To achieve this and acquire estimates of torque values, a range of pressures were selected along with a range of gear radii.
- The resulting plot gives us an idea of how much torque will be outputted by the system and can be used to get future estimates given different conditions. Using this model along with other models, **designs can be** adjusted to find the optimal output pressure and gear size in order to open doors most effectively.





Mechanical Gear Skipping

Friction

Degradation Piece Variation

OWD - One-Way Drag

*Sketch not to scale

Purpose: slowing down the door only when it's closing.

$$egin{aligned} w_2 &= w - 2t_1 - t_2 - w_1 & b = \sqrt{l^2 - a^2} \ w_3 &= w_2 - b & a = rac{h - h_0}{2} \ w_3 &= w - 2t_1 - t_2 - w_1 - \sqrt{l^2 - (rac{h - h_0}{2})^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$A = dw_3$$

$$A = d(w - 2t_1 - t_2 - w_1 - \sqrt{l^2 - (rac{h - h_0}{2})^2})$$



OWD - One-Way Drag Final Equation

$$t_{close}(h) = \frac{V}{\dot{V}} = \frac{V}{Av} = \frac{V}{vd(w - 2t_1 - t_2 - w_1 - \sqrt{l^2 - (\frac{h - h_0}{2})^2})}$$
(4)
$$0 < t_{close} < \frac{V}{2\pi r^2 v}$$
57.8 mm < h < 71.3 mm

Limit of time

Limit position of magnet

OWD - One-Way Drag Model Results Graph

% position of magnet and Time to close (sec)



% position of the magnet

Design Conclusions

Engineering Specifications

HOUSE OF QUALITY					Hov	v (ES)	a		
	Force of operation	Strength of material	Longevity	• Unit Cost	Size of Unit	⊧ Use of Standardized Parts	Sound Produced	Time to open door	Number of Pinching Parts
What (Customer Requirements)	Newton	KS1 ↑	years ↑	ۍ ار	ur 5	# 	Decibles(db)	Seconds	#
Effort to open the door	•	1	4	•	•	•	0	2	•
Enor to open the door	9	1	1	0	1	0	1	3	0
Ease of operating the door	9	0	3	0	1	0	1		0
Time required to operate door	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	9	U
Space filled by unit	0	1	0	1	9	3	0	0	1
Ease of installation	0	0	3	3	3	9	0	0	1
Low Cost	3	3	3	9	1	1	0	0	0
Durability	1	9	9	3	0	1	3	0	0
Aesthetically pleasing	0	1	0	3	1	1	9	0	1
Ease of repair	1	1	3	1	1	9	0	0	0
Safe to operate	3	9	0	0	1	0	0	3	9
Retro-Compatibility	0	0	1	1	3	3	0	0	0
Quiet	1	1	0	3	0	0	9	1	1
Purely Mechanical	0	0	1	3	3	3	1	1	1
Customizability of door operation time	0	1	0	1	1	9	0	9	0
Total	27	27	24	31	24	39	23	29	14

Customer Requirements

Effort to open the door (low)	4	- Not
Ease of operating the door (easy)	5	- Met
Time required to operate door (short)	3	
Space filled by unit (small)	2	
Ease of installation (easy)	3	
Low Cost (low)	4	-Not
Durability (durable)	5	-Not
Aesthetically pleasing (good)	1	mate
Ease of repair (easy)	2	
Safe to operate (safe)	4	-Met
Retro-Compatibility (compatable)	2	
Quiet (true)	1	
Purely Mechanical (true)	1	
Customizability of door operation time	1	

- lot Tested
- let

ot met, unit cost is high ot tested, met in theory due to quality and aterial of parts

Benchmark Comparisons











Future Improvement

- → Create an easier step force and allow for smaller users
- → Add wheelchair accessible component for final design
- → Try to use some **cheaper components** to reduce overall cost of product
- → Work on **overall ease of use** and try to reduce that





Questions?

Concept Generation - Functional Decomposition



Concept Generation Overview

Can be opened by handicapped persons		top cleans with ensure for write ensure	Ø	Adjustable time to open/close			
Obvious how to use	STEP	Clear pedal Shure	STEP HERE	Customized pedal location		Can be month to rep	
Comfortable to use	Dated States	sinter myteriel (Sig rideor Matemany Matemany Matema	Contents Sections Region	Opened by applying downward force	Annania		L.
Closes on its own after opening	CP REPEU	Man participation of the second difference	hydraulia closing	Efficient use of applied force	PEEDERLU USE OF Priv ratio		Hydraelik Jar Hara Darr

Concept Selection

1.(House of Quality)	2 Weights	heres caread flash view he door choses point with suffit but countred to door frame here clean here clean here clean to by soil here	Gent Mechania That opens Door Shadd Door Shadd The Stard Handicap Accessible	The view is first vi	tube liquid drag slowing flat zone that zone wheelchir dayer to aim
Effort to open the door (low)	4	1	1	1	1
Ease of operating the door (easy)	5	1	1	1	1
Time required to operate door (short)	3	0	-1	1	0
Space filled by unit (small)	2	1	-1	0	-1
Ease of installation (easy)	3	0	0	0	0
Low Cost (low)	4	0	-1	-1	-1
Durability (durable)	5	0	0 4	0	1
Aesthetically pleasing (good)	1	0	-1	0	1
Ease of repair (easy)	2	0	-1	-1	0
Safe to operate (safe)	4	1	1	1	1
Retro-Compatibility (compatable)	2	1	1	1	1
Quiet (true)	1	1	-1	1	1
Purely Mechanical (true)	1	1	1	1	1
Customizability of door operation time	1	1	1	0	1
Total +		8	6	7	9
Total -		0	-6	5 -2	-2
Overall Total		8	0	5	7
Weighted Total		20	4	14	18
		GOOD	BAD	NOT SO BAD	NOT SO GOOD

3

Description of Final Product and Prototype (Cont.)



Description of Final Product and Prototype (Cont.)





Comparison to Relevant Benchmarks and Patents











Bill of Materials

Item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Units	Qty	Material / Description	Source	Catalog No.	Unit Cost (\$)	Unit Processing Cost (S)	Assembly Cost (\$)	Line Total Cost (\$)	List Price (\$)
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	0205	Piston pack - seal ring	mm	1	Rubber / seal the fluid	Shadow Trailer	#DBC-225-SE/	1.00	0	0.1	1.10	3.99
	0206	Piston pack - screws	pcs	3	stainless steels / secure the cylinder to casing and gear rack	Grainger	G2584	0.01	0	0.1	0.12	0.03
	0207	Piston pack - nut	pcs	3	stainless steels / secure the screws	Grainger	447J35	0.80	0	0.1	2.51	3.22
	0208	Gear rack	mm	1	stainless steels / transfer linear motion	McMaster-Carr	2485N242	5.39	0	0.1	5.49	21.54
	0209	Large gear	pcs	1	stainless steels / transfer linear motion to rotational motion	McMaster-Carr	5172T16	10.73	0	0.1	10.83	42.92
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	0304	Drag fins	pcs	4	stainless steels / create drag in fluid	Custom	N/A	0.04	2	0.1	2.27	0.17
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	0309	Drag Fluid	Liters	4.68	mineral-based fluids / source of drag	Grainger	DTE 24	2.85	0	0.1	13.45	11.41
0400	0401	Final Assembly	-	1	Final assembly of all parts	() -	Ξ.	-	191	5.00	5.00	
Assmeblies	0402	Pressure plate assy		1	Assembly of the step plate	1.0	-	-	-	3.00	3.00	
	0403	Door opening assy	14	1	Assembly of door opening mechanism		2	4	12	3.50	3.50	
	0404	Door closing assy		1	Assembly of dor closing mechanism	-	-	-	1.5	3.50	3.50	

Bill of Materials (cont.)

	Fotal Purchased Parts \$	58.57
Total Custon	n Manufactured Parts \$	58.80
	Total Assembly Cost \$	15.00
	Total Cost \$	131.67

Total	Purchased Parts \$	98.20
Total Custom Ma	nufactured Parts \$	52.92
Tota	l Assembly Cost \$	15.00
	Total Cost \$	166.11

Financial Analysis - Values

Inpu	ut	
Interest Rate / year	8	%
Analysis Periods / year	4	#
Tooling and Fixtures	419000	
Annual Production	19200	#
Estimated Purchased Parts	58.57	\$
Estimated Fabricated Parts	58.8	\$
Estimated Assembly Cost	15	\$
R&D Costs	134264	\$
Cost % of Retail	25	%
Return to Project % of Retail	30	%

Cal	culated		
Intereset Rate per Period	0.02	rate/period	
Estimated Mfg. Cost	132.37	\$	
Retail Price	529.48	\$	
Build per Period	4800	#	
Total Program Build	57600	#	
Total Retail Sales	30498048	\$	
Return to Project	9149414.4	\$	
Net Present Value	737.23	\$(000)	
Net Worth (excl. interest)	971.64	\$(000)	

46.83	% per year	Min production with no interest=	1741
69.19	% per year	Min production with interest=	2005
8th	Quarter		
737.23	\$(000)		
	46.83 69.19 8th 737.23	46.83 % per year 69.19 % per year 8th Quarter 737.23 \$(000)	46.83% per yearMin production with no interest=69.19% per yearMin production with interest=8thQuarter737.23\$(000)



Financial Analysis -Net Worth Charts







What do our customers want?





In the top graph, we asked respondents to rate their **level** of care for/awareness of the spread of germs from door handles. Our results roughly display a bell curve pattern.

In the bottom graph, we asked respondents to rate their **affinity for ease of use of a door**. Here, we see a clearly defined bias toward a higher ease of use.

What do our customers want?



In this graph, we asked respondents to check **every factor (if any) that they care about in a step N pull-like product**. The time and effort customer requirements proved to be the most important of the categories tested.



Here, we asked respondents to place a **price range** on what they would be willing to spend on a step N pull-like product. Low price/cost of manufacturing will definitely need to be an important factor for our product.

Current Market

- "People with disabilities are the largest and fastest-growing minority in the U.S. They control \$1 trillion in total annual income." - Americans with Disabilities Act National Network
- "Doors Market size is valued at USD 140.5 billion in 2020 and will grow at a CAGR (Compound Annual Growth Rate) of around 5.4% from 2021 to 2027." -Global Market Insights
- "StepNpull could now sell 150,000-200,000 units in 2020 and that'd be an increase of at least 1,000% over 2019." - SBJ
- "Spending on nonresidential building construction [is expected] to increase by 5.4 percent in 2022, and accelerate to an additional 6.1 percent increase in 2023." - American Institute of Architects
- "Each accessible entrance (at least 60% of public entrances in newly built facilities must be accessible to individuals who use wheelchairs or have mobility impairments)." Along with many other requirements- Americans with Disabilities Act National Network



Customer Requirements

What (Customer Requirements)	Warehouses	Handicapped People	Hostpital	Universities	Weight averages
Effort to open the door	10%	15%	11%	7%	10.75% 3
Ease of operating the door	17%	12%	13%	10%	13.00% 1
Time required to operate door	10%	9%	5%	5%	7.25% 6
Space filled by unit	3%	5%	5%	5%	4.50%
Ease of installation	8%	5%	8%	10%	7.75% 7
Low Cost	10%	5%	8%	14%	9.25% 5
Durability	15%	11%	12%	14%	13.00% 2
Aesthetically pleasing	0%	5%	5%	5%	3.75%
Ease of repair	11%	7%	<mark>7%</mark>	6%	7.75% 8
Safe to operate	10%	10%	13%	10%	10.75% 4
Retro-Compatibility	3%	5%	8%	8%	6.00% 9
Quiet	0%	5%	5%	5%	3.75%
Purely Mechanical	0%	3%	0%	1%	1.00%
Customizability of door operation time	3%	3%	0%	0%	1.50%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100.00%

Most Important:

4. Safe to operate

- 1. Ease of operating the door (is it complex to open? 5. Low Cost
- 2. Durability
- 3. Effort to open the door

7. Ease of Installation

8. Ease of Repair

6. Time required to operate door

9. Retro-Compatibility

Engineering Specifications

HOUSE OF QUALITY	How (ES)								
	Force of operation	Strength of material	Longevity	Unit Cost	Size of Unit	Use of Standardized Parts	Sound Produced	Time to open door	Number of Pinching Parts
	Newton	ksi	years	\$	in^3	#	Decibles(dB)	Seconds	#
What (Customer Requirements)	\downarrow	1	\uparrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Effort to open the door	9	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	0
Ease of operating the door	9	0	3	0	1	0	1	3	0
Time required to operate door	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	9	0
Space filled by unit	0	1	0	1	9	3	0	0	1
Ease of installation	0	0	3	3	3	9	0	0	1
Low Cost	3	3	3	9	1	1	0	0	0
Durability	1	9	9	3	0	1	3	0	0
Aesthetically pleasing	0	1	0	3	1	1	9	0	1
Ease of repair	1	1	3	1	1	9	0	0	0
Safe to operate	3	9	0	0	1	0	0	3	9
Retro-Compatibility	0	0	1	1	3	3	0	0	0
Quiet	1	1	0	3	0	0	9	1	1
Purely Mechanical	0	0	1	3	3	3	1	1	1
Customizability of door operation time	0	1	0	1	1	9	0	9	0
Total	27	27	24	31	24	39	23	29	14

Benchmarks

	Now (Benchmarks)					
	Automatic Door and Hardware	StepNPull	FortStrong			
Effort to open the door	5	1	3			
Ease of operating the door	5	1	3			
Time required to operate door	2	3	4			
Space filled by unit	5	5	5			
Ease of installation	2	5	4			
Low Cost	1	4	2			
Durability	4	5	4			
Aesthetically pleasing	3	3	3			
Ease of repair	2	5	3			
Safe to operate	5	4	4			
Retro-Compatibility	4	5	4			
Quiet	4	5	4			
Purely Mechanical	1	5	5			
Customizability of door operation time	4	3	3			
Total	47	54	51			

Benchmarks vs. Engineering Requirements

		How (ES)								
		Force of operation	Strength of material	Longevity	Unit Cost	Size of Unit	Use of Standardized Parts	Sound Produced	Time to open door	Number of Pinching Parts
	Denne and a real	Newton	ksi	years	S	in^3	#	Decibles(dB)	Seconds	#
Universities	Weight averages	\rightarrow	↑	<u>↑</u>	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	\rightarrow	\downarrow	↓
Automatic	Door and Hardware	67	~30	N/A	\$1,600	269	~3	N/A	6	3
	StepNPull	67	~40	N/A	\$30	30	0	N/A	3	0
FortStrong		67	~30	N/A	\$130	372	~3	N/A	2	3
Target (Delighted)		22	45	15	\$10	100	6	10	1.5	0
Threshold (Disgusted)		132	25	3	\$1,600	500	0	70	10	6

Engineering Requirements

Engineering Specification	Target (Delighted)	Threshold (Disgusted)
Force of Operation (N)	22	132
Strength of Material (ksi)	45	25
Longevity (years)	15	3
Unit Cost (\$)	10	1600
Size of Unit (in^3)	100	500
Use of Standardized Parts (#)	6	0
Sound Produced (dB)	10	70
Time to Open Door (seconds)	1.5	10
Number of Pinching Parts (#)	0	6